# BEFORE THE BOARD OF REGISTERED NURSING DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Accusation Against:

LUANNA JOUSHANPOOSH a.k.a. LUANNA CECILIA JOUSHANPOOSH a.k.a. LUAHNA CECILIA JOQSHANPOOSH a.k.a. LUANNA C. JOVSHANPOOSH 6160 Pacheco Pass Hwy Hollister, CA 95023

Registered Nurse License No. 431723

Respondent

Case No. 2012- 220

OAH No. 2011120920

# **DECISION AND ORDER**

The attached Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby adopted by the Board of Registered Nursing, Department of Consumer Affairs, as its Decision in this matter.

This Decision shall become effective on September 17, 2012...

IT IS SO ORDERED September 17, 2012.

Raymond Mallel, President Board of Registered Nursing

Department of Consumer Affairs

State of California

*		
1	KAMALA D. HARRIS	
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8		RE THE
9	BOARD OF REGISTERED NURSING DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS	
10		CALIFORNIA
11		
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 2012-220
13	LUANNA JOUSHANPOOSH, a.k.a. LUANNA CECILIA JOUSHANPOOSH,	OAH No. 2011120920
14	a.k.a. LUAHNA CECILIA JOQSHANPOOSH, a.k.a. LUANNA C.	STIPULATED SURRENDER OF LICENSE AND ORDER
15	JOVSHANPOOSH 6160 Pacheco Pass Hwy	•
16	Hollister, CA 95023 Registered Nurse License No. 431723	· ·
17	Respondent.	
18		
19	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED by and between the parties in this	
20	proceeding that the following matters are true:	
21	PARTIES	
22	1. Louise R. Bailey, M.Ed., RN (Complainant) brought this action solely in her official	
23	capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Registered Nursing and continues this action	
24	solely in her official capacity as the Interim Executive Officer of the Board of Registered .	
25	Nursing. She is represented in this matter by Kamala D. Harris, Attorney General of the State of	
26	California, by Aspasia A. Papavassiliou, Deputy Attorney General.	
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28		
		••

- 2. Luanna Joushanpoosh (Respondent) is represented in this proceeding by attorney Guy J. Caputo, Esq., whose address is 1625 The Alameda, Suite 400, San Jose, CA 95126.
- 3. On or about August 31, 1988, the Board of Registered Nursing issued Registered Nurse License No. 431723 to Luanna Joushanpoosh (Respondent). The Registered Nurse License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in Accusation No. 2012-220 but the license expired on October 31, 2011, and has not been renewed.

### **JURISDICTION**

4. Accusation No. 2012-220 was filed before the Board of Registered Nursing (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, and is currently pending against Respondent. The Accusation and all other statutorily required documents were properly served on Respondent on October 10, 2011. Respondent timely filed her Notice of Defense contesting the Accusation. A copy of Accusation No. 2012-220 is attached as Exhibit A and incorporated by reference.

## **ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS**

- 5. Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the charges and allegations in Accusation No. 2012-220. Respondent also has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order.
- 6. Respondent is fully aware of her legal rights in this matter, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations in the Accusation; the right to be represented by counsel, at her own expense; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against her; the right to present evidence and to testify on her own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision; and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.
- 7. Respondent voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up each and every right set forth above.

**CULPABILITY** 

- 8. Respondent understands that the charges and allegations in Accusation No. 2012-220, if proven at a hearing, constitute cause for imposing discipline upon her Registered Nurse License.
- 9. For the purpose of resolving the Accusation without the expense and uncertainty of further proceedings, Respondent agrees that, at a hearing, Complainant could establish a factual basis for the charges in the Accusation and that those charges constitute cause for discipline. Respondent hereby gives up her right to contest that cause for discipline exists based on those charges.
- 10. Respondent understands that by signing this stipulation she enables the Board to issue an order accepting the surrender of her Registered Nurse License without further process.

# **RESERVATION**

11. The admissions made by Respondent in this stipulation are only for the purposes of this proceeding, or any other proceedings in which the Board of Registered Nursing or other professional licensing agency is involved, and shall not be admissible in any other criminal or civil proceeding.

#### **CONTINGENCY**

12. This stipulation shall be subject to approval by the Board of Registered Nursing. Respondent understands and agrees that counsel for Complainant and the staff of the Board of Registered Nursing may communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and surrender, without notice to or participation by Respondent or her counsel. By signing the stipulation, Respondent understands and agrees that she may not withdraw her agreement or seek to rescind the stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails to adopt this stipulation as its Decision and Order, the Stipulated Surrender and Disciplinary Order shall be of no force or effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal action between the parties, and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having considered this matter.

- 13. The parties understand and agree that facsimile copies of this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order, including facsimile signatures thereto, shall have the same force and effect as the originals.
- 14. This Stipulated Surrender of License and Order is intended by the parties to be an integrated writing representing the complete, final, and exclusive embodiment of their agreement. It supersedes any and all prior or contemporaneous agreements, understandings, discussions, negotiations, and commitments (written or oral). This Stipulated Surrender of License and Order may not be altered, amended, modified, supplemented, or otherwise changed except by a writing executed by an authorized representative of each of the parties.
- 15. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that the Board may, without further notice or formal proceeding, issue and enter the following Order:

# <u>ORDER</u>

IT IS ORDERED that Registered Nurse License No. 431723, issued to Respondent Luanna Joushanpoosh, is surrendered and accepted by the Board of Registered Nursing.

- 1. The surrender of Respondent's Registered Nurse License and the acceptance of the surrendered license by the Board shall constitute the imposition of discipline against Respondent. This stipulation constitutes a record of the discipline and shall become a part of Respondent's license history with the Board of Registered Nursing.
- 2. Respondent shall lose all rights and privileges as a registered nurse in California as of the effective date of the Board's Decision and Order.
- 3. Respondent shall cause to be delivered to the Board her pocket license and, if one was issued, her wall certificate on or before the effective date of the Decision and Order.
- 4. If Respondent ever files an application for licensure or a petition for reinstatement in the State of California, the Board shall treat it as a petition for reinstatement. Respondent must comply with all the laws, regulations and procedures for reinstatement of a revoked or surrendered license in effect at the time the petition is filed, and all of the charges and allegations contained in Accusation No. 2012-220 shall be deemed to be true, correct and admitted by Respondent when the Board determines whether to grant or deny the petition.

Exhibit A

Accusation No. 2012-220

# **ENDORSEMENT**

The foregoing Stipulated Surrender of License and Order is hereby respectfully submitted for consideration by the Board of Registered Nursing of the Department of Consumer Affairs.

Dated: The 4, 2012

Respectfully submitted,

KAMALA D. HARRIS Attorney General of California DIANN SOKOLOFF Supervising Deputy Attorney General

ASPASIA A. PAPAVASSILIOU Deputy Attorney General Attorneys for Complainant

SF2011202003

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7	Attorneys for Complainant	
8	BEFORE THE BOARD OF REGISTERED NURSING DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS	
9		
10	STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against: Case No. 2012 - 200	
12	LUANNA JOUSHANPOOSH, a.k.a.	
13	LUANNA CECILIA JOUSHANPOOSH, a.k.a. LUAHNA CECILIA A C C U S A T I O N	
14	JOQSHANPOOSH, a.k.a. LUANNA C. JOVSHANPOOSH	
15	6160 Pacheco Pass Hwy Hollister, CA 95023	
16	Registered Nurse License No. 431723	
17	Respondent.	
18		
19	Complainant alleges:	
20	<u>PARTIES</u>	
21	1. Louise R. Bailey, M.Ed., RN (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her	
22	official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Registered Nursing (Board),	
23	Department of Consumer Affairs.	
24	2. On or about August 31, 1988, the Board issued Registered Nurse License Number	
25	431723 to Luanna Joushanpoosh, also known as Luanna Cecilia Joushanpoosh, also known as	
26	Luahna Cecilia Joqshanpoosh, also known as Luanna C. Jovshanpoosh (Respondent). The	
27	Registered Nurse License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought	
28	in this Accusation and will expire on October 31, 2011, unless renewed.	
	1 ,	

#### JURISDICTION

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board, Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Section 2750 of the Business and Professions Code (Code) provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may discipline any licensee, including a licensee holding a temporary or an inactive license, for any reason provided in Article 3 (commencing with section 2750) of the Nursing Practice Act.
- 5. Section 2764 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the expiration of a license shall not deprive the Board of jurisdiction to proceed with a disciplinary proceeding against the licensee or to render a decision imposing discipline on the license. Under section 2811, subdivision (b), of the Code, the Board may renew an expired license at any time within eight years after the expiration.
- 6. Section 118, subdivision (b), of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the expiration of a license shall not deprive the Board of jurisdiction to proceed with a disciplinary action during the period within which the license may be renewed, restored, reissued or reinstated.

# STATUTORY AND REGULATORY PROVISIONS

7. Section 2761 of the Code states, in pertinent part:

"The board may take disciplinary action against a certified or licensed nurse or deny an application for a certificate or license for any of the following:

- "(a) Unprofessional conduct, which includes, but is not limited to, the following:
- "(1) Incompetence, or gross negligence in carrying out usual certified or licensed nursing functions."

8. Section 2762 of the Code states:

"In addition to other acts constituting unprofessional conduct within the meaning of this chapter [the Nursing Practice Act], it is unprofessional conduct for a person licensed under this chapter to do any of the following:

"(a) Obtain or possess in violation of law, or prescribe, or except as directed by a licensed physician and surgeon, dentist, or podiatrist administer to himself or herself, or furnish or administer to another, any controlled substance as defined in Division 10 (commencing with Section 11000) of the Health and Safety Code or any dangerous drug or dangerous device as defined in Section 4022.

. . .

- "(e) Falsify, or make grossly incorrect, grossly inconsistent, or unintelligible entries in any hospital, patient, or other record pertaining to the substances described in subdivision (a) of this section."
  - 9. Code section 4060 provides:

"No person shall possess any controlled substance, except that furnished to a person upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7, or furnished pursuant to a drug order issued by a certified nurse-midwife pursuant to Section 2746.51, a nurse practitioner pursuant to Section 2836.1, [or] a physician assistant pursuant to Section 3502.1."

- 10. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1442, defines "gross negligence," as used in Code section 2761, to include an extreme departure from the standard of care which, under similar circumstances, would have ordinarily been exercised by a competent registered nurse. Such an extreme departure means the repeated failure to provide nursing care as required or failure to provide care or to exercise ordinary precaution in a single situation which the nurse knew, or should have known, could have jeopardized the client's health or life.
- 11. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1443, defines "incompetence," as used in Code section 2761, to mean the lack of possession of or the failure to exercise that degree

of learning, skill, care and experience ordinarily possessed and exercised by a competent registered nurse as described in Section 1443.5.

12. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1443.5 states:

"A registered nurse shall be considered to be competent when he/she consistently demonstrates the ability to transfer scientific knowledge from social, biological and physical sciences in applying the nursing process, as follows:

- "(1) Formulates a nursing diagnosis through observation of the client's physical condition and behavior, and through interpretation of information obtained from the client and others, including the health team.
- "(2) Formulates a care plan, in collaboration with the client, which ensures that direct and indirect nursing care services provide for the client's safety, comfort, hygiene, and protection, and for disease prevention and restorative measures.
- "(3) Performs skills essential to the kind of nursing action to be taken, explains the health treatment to the client and family and teaches the client and family how to care for the client's health needs.
- "(4) Delegates tasks to subordinates based on the legal scopes of practice of the subordinates and on the preparation and capability needed in the tasks to be delegated, and effectively supervises nursing care being given by subordinates.
- "(5) Evaluates the effectiveness of the care plan through observation of the client's physical condition and behavior, signs and symptoms of illness, and reactions to treatment and through communication with the client and health team members, and modifies the plan as needed.
- "(6) Acts as the client's advocate, as circumstances require, by initiating action to improve health care or to change decisions or activities which are against the interests or wishes of the client, and by giving the client the opportunity to make informed decisions about health care before it is provided."

13. Section 11173, of the Health and Safety Code states, in pertinent part:

"(a) No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain controlled substances, or procure or attempt to procure the administration of or prescription for controlled substances, (1) by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or subterfuge; or (2) by concealment of a material fact."

#### CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES/DANGEROUS DRUGS

14. Code section 4021 states:

"'Controlled substance' means any substance listed in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code."

15. Code section 4022 provides:

"'Dangerous drug' or 'dangerous device' means any drug or device unsafe for self-use in humans or animals, and includes the following:

- "(a) Any drug that bears the legend: 'Caution: federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription,' 'Rx only' or words of similar import.
- "(b) Any device that bears the statement: 'Caution: federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a \_\_\_\_\_\_,' 'Rx only,' or words of similar import . . .
- "(c) Any other drug or device that by federal or state law can be lawfully dispensed only on prescription or furnished pursuant to Section 4006."
- 16. Hydromorphone, also known as Dilaudid, is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11055, subdivision (d)(k), and a dangerous drug under Code section 4022. Hydromorphone is a hydrogenated ketone of morphine and is a narcotic analgesic. Its principal therapeutic use is relief of pain. Psychic dependence, physical dependence, and tolerance may develop upon repeated administration of narcotics; therefore, Hydromorphone should be prescribed and administered with caution.
- 17. Morphine Sulfate, also known by its brand name MS Contin, is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11055, subdivision (b)(1)(M), and a dangerous drug under Code section 4022. It is also a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by the Federal Code of Regulations, title 21, section 1308.12, subdivision

- (b)(1). Morphine, which is a central nervous system depressant, is a systemic narcotic and analgesic used in the management of pain.
- 18. Fentanyl is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11055, subdivision (c)(8), and a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by the Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, section 1308.12. It is also a dangerous drug under Code section 4022. Fentanyl's primary effects are anesthesia and sedation.
- 19. Lorazepam, also known by its trade name Ativan, is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d)(16), and a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by the Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, section 1308.14, subdivision (c). It is also a dangerous drug under Code section 4022. It is a psychotropic drug for the management of anxiety disorders or for the short-term relief of the symptoms of anxiety. Lorazepam can produce psychological and physical dependence and should be prescribed with caution.

## **COST RECOVERY**

20. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

#### FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 21. From on or about February 2008, to on or about September 2009, Respondent was employed as a registered nurse in the Intensive Care Unit at Santa Clara Valley Medical Center (SCVMC). Respondent resigned from SCVMC in or about September 2009 after she was counseled several times for her failure to follow policies and procedures for controlled substances, including Fentanyl and Morphine.
- 22. From on or about October 22, 2009, through on or about December 30, 2009, Respondent was employed by HRN Services, Inc. On or about December 30, 2009, Respondent was terminated from HRN Services, Inc., and was not eligible for re-employment. From on or about November 11, 2009, through on or about December 3, 2009, Respondent was assigned

through HRN to work in the Intensive Care Unit at Kaiser Permanente Hospital in San Jose, California. On or about November 17, 2009, Respondent was assigned to the care of Kaiser Patient I (KP I). KP I had a physician's order dated November 24, 2009, for Hydromorphone 2 milligrams every one hour as needed for pain. On or about November 17, 2009, at 4:11 p.m., Respondent removed two vials of Hydromorphone 1 milliliter from the Pyxis for KP 1. The Pyxis is a computerized management, storage, and medication dispensing system utilized in hospital settings. The system can only be accessed with a password or bio-identification, or both. Respondent documented on the Medication Administration Record (MAR) that she administered Hydromorphone 1 milliliter to KP 1. Respondent and another nurse then returned the one remaining Hydromorphone 1 milliliter vial into the wrong Pyxis drawer. Respondent failed to administer the Hydromorphone 2 milligrams as ordered by KP 1's physician. Respondent also failed to document KP 1's pain level after she administered the Hydromorphone to KP 1. Respondent's HRN contract with Kaiser Permanente Hospital in San Jose was cancelled due to Respondent's failure to follow Kaiser's policies and procedures for controlled substances with respect to KP 1.

23. From on or about October 22, 2009, through on or about December 30, 2009, Respondent was assigned through HRN to work in the Intensive Care Unit at Saint Louise Regional Hospital (SLRH) in Gilroy, California. SLRH's Pharmacy's Pyxis anomalous usage report for December 2009 showed that Respondent had the highest number of controlled substance removals for December 2009. Furthermore, the Pyxis records indicated several instances where Respondent failed to document or account for controlled substances she removed from the Pyxis. On or about December 30, 2009, Respondent's contract with SLRH was cancelled due to Respondent's failure to follow hospital policies and procedures for controlled substances. Below are examples of Respondent's failure to follow SLRH's policies and procedures for controlled substances:

#### PATIENT 1

a. Patient 1 had a physician's order dated December 13, 2009, for Morphine 1 milligram IV as needed for agitation. On or about December 11, 2009, at 4:09 p.m., Respondent

removed one vial of Morphine 2 milligrams from the Pyxis for Patient 1. At 4:10 p.m., Respondent documented on the MAR and the Critical Care Flowsheet that she administered Morphine 1 milligram to Patient 1. Respondent failed to document administration or wastage, or otherwise account for the remaining 1 milligram of Morphine that she removed. Respondent did not complete any electronic notes.

- b. On or about December 11, 2009, at 6:18 p.m., Respondent removed one vial of Morphine 2 milligrams from the Pyxis for Patient 1. At 6:15 p.m., three minutes prior to removing the medication from the Pyxis, Respondent documented on the MAR and the Critical Care Flowsheet that she administered Morphine 1 milligram to Patient 1. Respondent documented wastage of the remaining Morphine 1 milligram at 10:12 p.m., nearly four hours later. Respondent did not complete any electronic notes.
- c. On or about December 13, 2009, at 7:47 p.m., Respondent removed one vial of Morphine 2 milligrams from the Pyxis for Patient 1. At 7:45 p.m., two minutes prior to removing the medication from the Pyxis, Respondent documented on the MAR and the Critical Care Flowsheet that she administered Morphine 1 milligram to Patient 1. Respondent failed to document administration or wastage, or otherwise account for the remaining 1 milligram of Morphine that she removed. Respondent did not complete any electronic notes.
- d. On or about December 13, 2009, at 9:44 p.m., Respondent removed one vial of Morphine 2 milligrams from the Pyxis for Patient 1. At 9:45 p.m., Respondent documented on the MAR and the Critical Care Flowsheet that she administered Morphine 1 milligram to Patient 1. Respondent documented wastage of the remaining Morphine 1 milligram at 10:12 p.m., nearly 30 minutes after she removed it. Respondent failed to document Patient 1's pain scales and did not complete any electronic notes.
- e. On or about December 14, 2009, at 12:05 a.m., Respondent removed one vial of Morphine 2 milligrams from the Pyxis for Patient 1. At 12:00 a.m., five minutes prior to removing the medication from the Pyxis, Respondent documented on the MAR that she administered Morphine 1 milligram to Patient 1. Respondent documented wastage of the

remaining Morphine 1 milligram at 1:38 a.m., nearly 1 hour and 30 minutes after she removed it. Respondent failed to document Patient 1's pain scales and did not complete any electronic notes.

f. On or about December 14, 2009, at 3:36 a.m., Respondent removed one vial of Morphine 2 milligrams from the Pyxis for Patient 1. At 3:30 a.m., six minutes prior to removing the medication from the Pyxis, Respondent documented on the MAR that she administered Morphine 1 milligram to Patient 1. Respondent wasted the remaining 1 milligram of Morphine. Respondent failed to document Patient 1's pain scales and did not complete any electronic notes.

g. On or about December 14, 2009, at 5:40 a.m., Respondent removed one vial of Morphine 2 milligrams from the Pyxis for Patient 1. At 5:40 a.m., Respondent documented on the MAR and that she administered Morphine 1 milligram to Patient 1. Respondent wasted the remaining 1 milligram of Morphine. Respondent failed to document Patient 1's pain scales and did not complete any electronic notes.

#### PATIENT 2

h. On or about December 17, 2009, at 9:27 p.m., Respondent removed one vial of Lorazepam 2 milligrams from the Pyxis for Patient 2. At approximately 9:30 p.m., Respondent documented on the MAR and the Critical Care Flowsheet that she administered Lorazepam 1 milligram to Patient 2. Respondent wasted the remaining Lorazepam 1 milligram with another nurse. Respondent failed to document Patient 2's pain scales and did not complete any electronic notes.

- i. On or about December 25, 2009, at 10:13 p.m., Respondent removed one vial of Morphine 2 milligrams from the Pyxis for Patient 2. Patient 2 had a physician's order dated December 24, 2009 for Morphine Sulfate 1 milligram IV every one hour as needed for tube tolerance. At approximately 10:30 p.m., Respondent documented on the MAR and the Critical Care Flowsheet that she administered Morphine 1 milligram to Patient 2. Respondent wasted the remaining Morphine 1 milligram at 10:33 p.m., nearly 20 minutes after removing it. Respondent failed to document Patient 2's pain scales and did not complete any electronic notes.
- j. On or about December 26, 2009, at 2:04 a.m., Respondent removed one vial of Morphine 2 milligrams from the Pyxis for Patient 2. At approximately 2:30 a.m., Respondent

documented on the MAR and the Critical Care Flowsheet that she administered Morphine 1 milligram to Patient 2. Respondent failed to document administration or wastage of the remaining Morphine 1 milligram. Respondent also failed to document Patient 2's pain scales and did not complete any electronic notes.

k. On or about December 26, 2009, at 5:32 a.m., Respondent removed one vial of Morphine 2 milligrams from the Pyxis for Patient 2. At approximately 6:00 a.m., Respondent documented on the MAR and the Critical Care Flowsheet that she administered Morphine 1 milligram to Patient 2. Respondent documented wasting the remaining Morphine 1 milligram at approximately 6:26 a.m., nearly one hour after removing it. Respondent failed to document Patient 2's pain scales and did not complete any electronic notes.

1. On or about December 26, 2009, at 9:40 p.m., Respondent removed one vial of Morphine 2 milligrams from the Pyxis for Patient 2. At approximately 10:00 p.m., Respondent documented on the MAR and the Critical Care Flowsheet that she administered Morphine 1 milligram to Patient 2. Respondent failed to document administration or wastage of the remaining Morphine 1 milligram. Respondent also failed to document Patient 2's pain scales and did not complete any electronic notes.

m. On or about December 27, 2009, at 12:50 a.m., Respondent removed one vial of Morphine 2 milligrams from the Pyxis for Patient 2. At approximately 12:45 a.m., Respondent documented on the MAR and the critical care flowsheet that she administered Morphine 1 milligram to Patient 2. Respondent documented wastage of the remaining Morphine 1 milligram at 12:55 a.m. Respondent failed to document Patient 2's pain scales and did not complete any electronic notes.

n. On or about December 27, 2009, at 2:57 a.m., Respondent removed one vial of Morphine 2 milligrams from the Pyxis for Patient 2. At approximately 3:00 a.m., Respondent documented on the MAR and the critical care flowsheet that she administered Morphine 1 milligram to Patient 2. Respondent failed to document administration or wastage of the remaining Morphine 1 milligram. Respondent also failed to document Patient 2's pain scales and did not complete any electronic notes.

- o. On or about December 27, 2009, at 4:54 a.m., Respondent removed one vial of Morphine 2 milligrams from the Pyxis for Patient 2. At approximately 5:00 a.m., Respondent documented on the MAR and the critical care flowsheet that she administered Morphine 1 milligram to Patient 2. Respondent wasted the remaining Morphine 1 milligram with another nurse. Respondent failed to document Patient 2's pain scales and did not complete any electronic notes.
- p. On or about December 27, 2009, at 6:19 a.m., Respondent removed one vial of Morphine 2 milligrams from the Pyxis for Patient 2. At approximately 6:20 a.m., Respondent documented on the MAR and the critical care flowsheet that she administered Morphine 1 milligram to Patient 2. Respondent wasted the remaining Morphine 1 milligram with another nurse. Respondent failed to document Patient 2's pain scales and did not complete any electronic notes.
- 24. From on or about August 10, 2010, through on or about October 25, 2010, Respondent was employed as a registered nurse in the Intensive Care Unit at Hazel Hawkins Hospital in Hollister, California. Respondent was terminated while on probation due to unsatisfactory job performance. Specifically, Respondent had poor and inaccurate charting.

#### FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct – Incompetence or Gross Negligence) (Bus. & Prof. Code § 2761, subd. (a)(1))

- 25. Complainant realleges the allegations set forth in paragraphs 21 through 24 and each of their subparts above, and incorporates them is fully set forth.
- 26. Respondent has subjected her registered nurse license to disciplinary action under Code section 2761, subdivision (a)(1), as defined by California Code of Regulations, title 16, sections 1442 and 1443, in that Respondent's conduct described in paragraphs 21 through 24 and each of their subparts above constitutes incompetence or gross negligence, or both, in carrying out usual certified or licensed nursing functions.

# SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct – False, Grossly Incorrect, or Unintelligible Entries) (Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 2761, subd. (a), 2762, subd. (e))

- 27. Complainant realleges the allegations set forth in paragraphs 21 through 24 and each of their subparts above, and incorporates them is fully set forth.
- 28. Respondent has subjected her registered nurse license to disciplinary action under Code section 2761, subdivision (a), as defined by Code section 2762, subdivision (e), in that she made false, grossly incorrect, or unintelligible entries in hospital, patient, or other records pertaining to controlled substances and/or dangerous drugs, as described in paragraphs 21 through 24 and each of their subparts, above.

# THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct – Unlawfully Obtain or Possess Controlled Substances) (Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 2761, subd. (a), 2762, subd. (a), 4060)

- 29. Complainant realleges the allegations set forth in paragraph 23 and its subparts above, and incorporates them as if fully set forth.
- 30. Respondent has subjected her registered nurse license to disciplinary action under Code section 2761, subdivision (a), as defined by Code section 2762, subdivision (a), and Code section 4060, in that she obtained controlled substances by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or subterfuge and/or by the concealment of a material fact in violation of Health and Safety Code section 11173, subdivision (a). The circumstances are set forth in paragraph 23 and its subparts, above.

# **PRAYER**

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters alleged in this Accusation, and that following the hearing, the Board of Registered Nursing issue a decision:

- 1. Revoking or suspending Registered Nurse License Number 431723, issued to Luanna Joushanpoosh, also known as Luanna Cecilia Joushanpoosh, also known as Luanna Cecilia Joushanpoosh, also known as Luanna C. Jovshanpoosh;
- 2. Ordering Luanna Joushanpoosh, also known as Luanna Cecilia Joushanpoosh, also known as Luanna Cecilia Joqshanpoosh, also known as Luanna C. Jovshanpoosh to pay the

1	Board of Registered Nursing the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this	
2	case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3;	
3	3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.	
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6	Defice a sou Stage Bar	
7	DATED: October 10 2011 / Start Bern- for LOUISE R. BAILEY, M.ED., RN	
8	Executive Officer Board of Registered Nursing Denominant of Consumer Affeirs	
9	Department of Consumer Affairs State of California Complainant	
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